**Test Review: Chinese Revolution, WWI, Russian Revolution & Dictators**

**Chinese Revolution**

Causes of Chinese Revolution- bad Leadership (toddler ruler under the Qing dynasty), high taxes, wanting to modernize to stay globally powerful, high peasant population

Who fought for control over China between early 1900s-1940’s? Nationalist Party and Communist Party

Nationalist Party- based on wanting to go back to having a Chinese leader but adopt Western (European) type of government, education, and artistic ideas. More support from the nobility (wealthier)

Sun Yat Sen- created the Nationalist Party & established a 3-principle government based on Nationalism, Democracy & People’s Livelihood

Mao Zedong- leader of the Communist party. Lead the “Long March” in China and gained support from the peasants. More supportive by the poor/peasants. Communist party took over China.

Effects of Chinese Revolution: China fights between Nationalist and Communist ideas. China becomes Communist due to the need for change of the poor/peasants.

**World War I**

The Central Powers: Germany, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria

The Allied Powers: England, France, Russia, USA, Italy

MAIN causes of WWI: Militarism, Alliances, Imperialism, Nationalism

Archduke Franz Ferdinand: Heir to the Austria-Hungarian throne who was assassinated and sparked the beginning of WWI

Treaty of Versailles- peace agreement that ended WWI. Germany had to take blame and pay for reparations

**Russian Revolution**

Causes of Russian Revolution: weak/poor leadership, poverty, involvement in wars (deaths & unsupported by the people)

Bolsheviks- a Revolutionary political party lead by Lenin that overthrew the Czar and gained control over Russia

Stalin- a dictator who took power over Russia after Lenin’s death. Used terror, gulags (work camps) and killing to control the people. Created a Communist Russia (Soviet Union)

Dictators

Totalitarianism- a government in which one person has total control and often uses propaganda, harsh laws to control the people.

Fascism- a type of authoritarian government in which the people are strictly ruled politically, socially and economically. The citizens often lack basic human rights and are watched by secret police of any opposition.

Dictators take power- dictators gained power because the people of their countries were poor, starving and desperate for change in order to survive.

How were the causes and effects of the Russian and Chinese Revolution similar?